1	
2	NATIONAL INDIAN GAMING COMMISSION
3	CLASS II CLASSIFICATION STANDARDS
4	GOVERNMENT-TO-GOVERNMENT CONSULTATION MEETING
5	WITH THE SENECA-CAYUGA NATION
6	
7	HELD IN OKLAHOMA CITY, OKLAHOMA
8	ON AUGUST 9, 2006
9	
10	
11	
12	
13	
14	
15	
16	
17	
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	

REPORTED BY: TRENA K. BLOYE, CSR

NIGC CONSULTATION - SENECA-CAYUGA NATION

25

1	APPEARANCES
2	
3	
4	NATIONAL INDIAN GAMING COMMISSION:
5	
6	Philip N. Hogen, Chairman
7	Cloyce "Chuck" V. Choney, Commissioner
8	Natalie Hemlock, Special Assistant to the
9	Commission
10	Penny Coleman, Acting General Counsel
11	Michael Gross, Senior Attorney
12	John R. Hay, Staff Attorney
13	Joseph M. Valandra, Chief of Staff
14	Tim Harper, Region Chief, Region V
15	Marcy Pate Olber, Senior Field Investigator
16	Jeanette Ross, Field Investigator
17	Brian Moody
18	
19	
20	ON BEHALF OF THE SENECA-CAYUGA NATION:
21	
22	Jerry Dillinger
23	Jess Green
24	
25	

NIGC CONSULTATION - SENECA-CAYUGA NATION

- 2 this Class II Regulation Consultation. For
- 3 your information these proceedings are being
- recorded and once they are recorded it's a
- matter of public record. And if at any time 5
- you would like to have a copy of this
- transcript, it will be on our web site, so you
- can obtain it through there.
- 9 If at any time during this
- 10 proceedings if you would like to discuss any
- other matters other than Class II pertaining 11
- 12 to your tribe, your tribe's gaming operations,
- feel free to do so, but let us know and we 13
- will go off the record. 14
- 15 MR. HUNT: I understand.
- COMMISSIONER CHONEY: Okay. By 16
- 17 way of introduction, I want to introduce Phil
- Hogen. He's the chairman of the National 18
- Indian Gaming Commission. I'm Chuck Choney, 19
- commissioner, NIGC. And Penny Coleman, our 20
- acting general counsel, just stepped out. She 21
- will be back shortly. 22
- We have Michael Gross from our 23
- 24 Office of General Counsel. Tim Harper, our
- 25 regional director from Tulsa. John Hay from
 - NIGC CONSULTATION SENECA-CAYUGA NATION

1 our Office of General Counsel. Brian Moody,

2 field investigator from our Tulsa region. And

- 3 Joe Valandra, our chief of staff also has
- 4 stepped out, as did Natalie Hemlock from our
- Washington, DC, staff.
- 6 For the record, if you could
- 7 identify yourself.
- 8 MR. GREEN: I will introduce.
- 9 This is former chief of the Seneca-Cayuga
- 10 tribe, Jerry Dillinger. He has relinquished
- 11 his political role and decided to become a
- 12 regulator. I don't know if that a step out of
- 13 the fire or toward it.
- 14 MR. DILLINGER: Seems like
- 15 everywhere I step is toward it.
- MR. GREEN: But he is their
- 17 current commissioner. And, again, he is a
- 18 former tribal chief.
- 19 COMMISSIONER CHONEY: And --
- 20 MR. GREEN: I'm Jess Green. I'm
- 21 an attorney. I represent a number of tribes.
- 22 I have represented the Seneca-Cayuga and
- 23 several others for many years. Most notably
- in the 1997 initiated multimedia cases which
- 25 expanded some people's understanding of Class
 - NIGC CONSULTATION SENECA-CAYUGA NATION
 - 1 II, where we supported Penny Coleman's ruling.
 - 2 And ending the last with the Seneca Cayuga
 - 3 cases in 2004 in front of the Supreme Court
 - 4 with their denial cert.

5	COMMISSIONER CHONEY: Okay.
6	Welcome. Chairman Hogen.
7	CHAIRMAN HOGEN: Good morning. We
8	are pleased to be here in this government-to-
9	government consultation for the Seneca-Cayuga
10	Tribe. On 25th of May of this year the
11	National Indian Gaming Commission published in
12	the "Federal Register" some proposals, a
13	proposal to amend a definition, a proposal to
14	adopt a body of regulations that hopefully
15	will better and more clearly distinguish
16	electronic and technologic aids the tribes can
17	use for the play of uncompacted Class II
18	gaming from those electronic facsimiles of
19	games of chance and slot machines of any kind
20	that require a Class III compact to play.
21	That was the end of a long
22	drafting process that included the advice from
23	an advisory committee and publishing a number
24	of drafts on our web site.
25	Coupled with the classification
	NIGC CONSULTATION - SENECA-CAYUGA NATION
1	standards, we also have been drafting some
2	technical standards. When we went to the

standards, we also have been drafting some
technical standards. When we went to the
"Federal Register" this spring, we discovered
that the technical standards have been on the
shelf a little too long. There was some

- 6 technical developments that hadn't been
- 7 contemplated. So when we revised those. They
- 8 will be published in the "Federal Register" as
- 9 proposed regulations this Friday. And there
- 10 will be a comment period that will end on the
- 30th of September. We are extending the
- 12 comment period for these classification
- 13 standards to correspond with that, the 30th of
- 14 September.
- On the 19th of September in
- 16 Washington, DC we will be holding a public
- hearing relating to these proposals that will
- take the form of a number of panels that will
- 19 address some different areas or different
- 20 points of view. We expect there will be a
- 21 tribal panel. There will be a regulators
- 22 panel. There will be some manufacturers and
- vendors that will be on the panel. We will
- hear some economic impact information, as well
- 25 there will also be a panel of state presenters
 - NIGC CONSULTATION SENECA-CAYUGA NATION

1 to give the state perspectives.

- 2 Once those processes are complete,
- 3 that is we have heard what tribes have to say
- 4 by virtue of these several consultation
- sessions we have been holding, we will review
- 6 the comments that have been sent to us, and
- 7 what is said at the public hearings. We will

- 8 close the door and look at all of that stuff,
- 9 look at what we have written, decide, A,
- should we go forward with regulations of this
- 11 nature, and, B, if so, should we change what
- we had proposed in the -- what was published
- in the "Federal Register."
- So, in that connection, we are
- 15 eager to hear what Seneca-Cayuga has to
- 16 comment on with respect to these proposals.
- We invite your comments.
- 18 MR. DILLINGER: Thank you. First
- 19 I would like to say tribal gaming has enabled
- our tribe to really, really help our people,
- 21 particularly our older people and our younger
- 22 school-age people. I have read these proposed
- 23 regulations. And economically speaking, I
- don't see how they are going to help our
- 25 particular tribe because of the delays and
- NIGC CONSULTATION SENECA-CAYUGA NATION

1 stuff like that in the game.

- To me there has always been a
- 3 pretty clear-cut line between commercial
- 4 gaming and Class II. And if there's been
- 5 anything of the running together, it seems to
- 6 me like it's the Class II -- commercial
- 7 gaming, Class III emulating Class II machines
- 8 that pay well for the tribes.

9	Is there any plans underway to	
10	regulate commercial gaming from NIGC?	
11	CHAIRMAN HOGEN: Well, inasmuch as	
12	the Indian Gaming Regulatory Act basically	
13	said what Class II was, and then said	
14	everything else is Class III, I don't think we	
15	will promulgate regulations that will try to	
16	define what everything else is.	
17	However, we've learned a lot in	
18	drafting these technical regulations that, in	
19	effect, say what's in the black box, the	
20	equipment that makes the software and the	
21	hardware secure and so forth. And there may	
22	be some of those things in Class II that might	
23	also be applied to Class III. But that's	
24	still a work in progress.	
25	MR. GREEN: Chairman Dillinger's	
	NIGC CONSULTATION - SENECA-CAYUGA NATION	
		9
1	point is that unless you limit commercial	
2	gaming, they are going to copy any financially	
3	successful Class II game, and no bright light	
4	will exist. There's nothing that prevents	
5	them from making a facsimile of something if	
6	it makes money. That's their only motivation.	
7	Is that not your chief point, sir?	
8	MR. DILLINGER: Yes. Some of our	
9	best money-making machines are Class II. And	

10 the other games, Class III, will make a game

11 just like it. And they won't have to put the 12 delay of dobbing and all of that in theirs. 13 Essentially, there will -- it will drive the 14 Class II out of business, and, yet, we will 15 still have the game, but we will owe the state 16 a certain percentage for it. I don't think 17 the percentage there will go down rather 18 than --19 CHAIRMAN HOGEN: Well, I would 20 certainly entertain any suggestions you might have as to what regulations NIGC might 21 22 consider that would be imposed in the Class III area that would protect from that. Right 23 now I don't have a good vision of how that 24

NIGC CONSULTATION - SENECA-CAYUGA NATION

would work, but maybe there is a way it would.

25

10

MR. DILLINGER: I, myself, don't 1 either, because it seems like they don't want 3 us to make Class II gaming as sophisticated as Class III, yet there is nothing to keep 5 commercial or Class III from emulating our 6 games. And I don't know the answer to that 7 either. But I am concerned about it. If 8 we lower our standards, because they have came 9 10 to that point that we're at, then we're going 11 to affect our tribes economically, very much,

- 12 I think. MR. GREEN: Does the Commission 13 14 believe it has any authority over commercial 15 gaming whatsoever? 16 CHAIRMAN HOGEN: Well, the 17 definition of terms here. I guess my 18 understanding of commercial gaming would 19 include Class II and Class III. 20 MR. GREEN: Well, but that's 21 governmental gaming, those folks that are
- corporations that operate at profits and
 losses. The problem I perceive is that you
 are attempting to create a bright line, and
 you are only holding one section of the

NIGC CONSULTATION - SENECA-CAYUGA NATION

11

1 industry in place. And if it makes money,

- 2 commercial gaming will copy whatever it is we
- 3 do.
- 4 And if you don't have jurisdiction
- 5 over those commercial gaming entities, you are
- 6 not in a posture to create a bright line.
- 7 Because if anything you do -- you know, even
- 8 if we had these rules, and low and behold we
- 9 figure out how a game can make money,
- 10 commercial gaming will copy that in a
- 11 facsimile form, so it looks just like it with
- 12 the loftier steps, because somebody figured
- out how to make something that makes money.

14	We are well aware that the	
15	commercial market in Nevada consists about 20	
16	percent of video gaming video poker	
17	technology, and the reason is players like	
18	interaction. From a legal standpoint, the	
19	only thing we have always used to win our	
20	Class II game litigations is we have got	
21	player interaction, and we have interactive	
22	connectivity between players. Those two	
23	things have pervaded everything.	
24	Every federal court judge has	
25	always ask, "Why is it not a facsimile?" The	
	NIGC CONSULTATION - SENECA-CAYUGA NATION	
		12
1	response has always been the player does the	
2	last act in the cases that we have litigated.	
3	I know you have been an advocate, you have got	
4	to be able to sleep. You have the got to be	
5	able to do that final act. But that always	
6	makes it ease. It's not a facsimile if you	
7	can't win unless the player acts.	
8	What we are working our way to	
9	with this bright line is somebody else can	
10	come in and eliminate that, and the game looks	
11	just like us. We invented server-based	
12	gaming.	
13	We now see Class III games coming	

along that are server based and that are

15	interlinked, because the linking of player
16	competition is popular. People like to
17	compete against other players. That's the
18	thing about live poker these days. I don't
19	have to be smartest person in the room. I
20	just have to be smarter than the other eight
21	people at the table, or seven.
22	And so people enjoy that kind of
23	gaming environment, not all the people, but a
24	lot of the people do. And so all they have to
25	do is copy our game and there is no bright
	NIGC CONSULTATION - SENECA-CAYUGA NATION
	13
1	line. We want to clearly make that point in
2	this consultation, that our bright line
3	efforts are not going to work, because you
4	can't hold commercial gaming if we make money.
5	Where does the Commission get
6	authority over any vendor, the National Gaming
7	Commission?
8	CHAIRMAN HOGEN: Over any
9	MR. GREEN: Over any vendor to a
10	tribe or any third party. I can't find
11	anything in IGRA. Where?
12	CHAIRMAN HOGEN: Our jurisdiction
13	enforcement-wise, so to speak, would be pretty
14	much limited to those who enter into
15	management contracts or those who manage

without management contracts and the tribes

17	themselves and their tribal gaming facilities.
18	MR. GREEN: Well, and yet, in
19	these regulations you are proposing, you are
20	proposing to make yourself the selector of
21	independent gaming labs, which are actually
22	third parties. And you are proposing not a
23	set of regs for how they get selected, but you
24	are proposing to maintain that jurisdiction
25	and usurp that authority from the primary
	NIGC CONSULTATION - SENECA-CAYUGA NATION
1	regulators under IGRA.
2	We think that creates a situation
3	that will require challenge by the tribes.
4	Moreover, I don't think you thought this
5	through our compact. I don't think you
6	have studied the compacts. Our compact and
7	other compacts require us to license everybody
8	that touches us. What if have got an
9	independent lab, and we refuse to license
10	them. Or worse yet, what if we revoke their
11	license?
12	MS. COLEMAN: Then you can not use
13	them.
14	MR. GREEN: Well, what if we
15	revoke all the licenses of the people that you
16	approve?

MS. COLEMAN: Then you might have

18	difficulty playing Class II.	
19	MR. GREEN: But it's not because	
20	of us. It's because we license them. And	
21	what if the labs refuse to submit licenses	
22	because you have approved them? We are in	
23	violation of our compact.	
24	What if the labs refuse to pay our	
25	fees, because we assess fees for people that	
	NIGC CONSULTATION - SENECA-CAYUGA NATION	
		15
1	come into our jurisdiction and do things that	
2	affect us. What if they refuse to submit to	
3	our jurisdiction. None of these things are	
4	addressed by your regulations. And by	
5	establishing their contact at your level	
6	rather than ours	
7	MS. COLEMAN: May I ask you this	
8	question?	
9	MR. GREEN: Sure.	
10	MS. COLEMAN: What are you doing	
11	now?	
12	MR. GREEN: We are sending	
13	requests to any lab that wants to be a part of	
14	our programs, we send them requests and ask	
15	them to come in and be licensed.	
16	MS. COLEMAN: And do they?	
17	MR. COLEMAN: We are having	
18	difficulty. We are having difficulty with	

insurance companies.

20	MS. COLEMAN: But with respect to
21	the labs, do you work with labs now?
22	MR. GREEN: We do have some that
23	work with labs now.
24	MS. COLEMAN: And are you
25	licensing in those labs?
	NIGC CONSULTATION - SENECA-CAYUGA NATION
	16
1	MR. GREEN: We are in the process
2	of the trying to get the processes down. We
3	didn't previously have to do that until the
4	compact came into existence. Everybody is
5	trying to figure out how to do this. There is
6	any enormous amount of third parties to
7	surrendering to our jurisdiction. That's the
8	first thing they say in their licensing
9	application is they surrender to our
10	jurisdiction. He can't adjudicate anything
11	with them, because, non-Indian, we may not
12	have jurisdiction over them.
13	MS. COLEMAN: Does the compact
14	require licensing of Class II?
15	MR. GREEN: The compact requires
16	licensing at any entity that received more
17	than \$25,000 a year from gaming.
18	MS. COLEMAN: So you take the
19	position that it controls Class II?
20	MR. GREEN: I take the position

21	that it controls vendors, being licensed, if	
22	they get more than \$25,000. Because then we	
23	have to segregate, have a huge argument with	
24	the state if we have to segregate that this	
25	money doesn't count, because it came from	
	NIGC CONSULTATION - SENECA-CAYUGA NATION	
		17
1	Class II gaming. This certification they gave	
2	was that it is a compacted game; therefore,	
3	that lab has to now be certified.	
4	The certifications we are now	
5	getting are primarily in regard to our Class	
6	III compacted games, because it's required	
7	under the compact. Our compact requires us to	
8	use labs that you all have previously	
9	certified in some capacity. So we have	
10	already, by virtue of the compact, recognized	
11	that it has to be a lab you all have used for	
12	some purpose.	
13	But I don't think you have thought	
14	this complex relationship that you are	
15	attempting to establish with a vendor	
16	completely through. More importantly, from a	
17	legal standpoint, where is our due process if	
18	we say a lab is not independent. And	
19	something I have never understood about the	
20	Vegas locations in these other jurisdictions	
21	when they have the labs make determinations.	

The determinations they make are as much legal

23 as they are factual. We are set up here in Oklahoma for 24 25 a huge battle over game classification, NIGC CONSULTATION - SENECA-CAYUGA NATION 18 1 because of something that has been done by some of the major labs. It's an undercurrent 3 that's going through, and I don't want to make 4 it a part of this record. I am simply saying that lab determinations are as much a legal 5 decision, sometimes, as a factual decision. Your regulations give us no place to address the appeal of those decisions. 8 9 I mean, as a lawyer, if I don't like somebody's decision, I want the ability 10 11 to go into an appellate mode. You don't give us a place for that. You give us no due 12 process if we disagree with your lab 13 14 selections. 15 A secondary problem you have got 16 with requiring us to use an independent lab. There is at least one tribe in Oklahoma that 17 18 has a \$5 million gaming commission budget. 19 Now, that's for one tribe. I mean, you all 20 only have twelve. They are capable of 21 building their own labs. Indeed, I have been 22 to several tribes that have built their own

23

testing labs.

24	Now, we are working at getting	
25	that size budget and doing that in our	
	NIGC CONSULTATION - SENECA-CAYUGA NATION	
		19
1	location. We only have one gaming location.	
2	But as it continues to make money, we don't	
3	see a need for having an independent lab when	
4	we have an independent commission.	
5	The Commission is not supposed to	
6	be a part of politics. If we're doing	
7	verification, if we are accepting verification	
8	from other tribes that have those kind of	
9	labs, why do we have to have an independent	
10	lab?	
11	We have surrendered that authority	
12	in the compact, because it was given as an	
13	offer. It was not negotiated. They were	
14	among the points we had objections to. But,	
15	again, it was not a negotiated compact that we	
16	recently signed.	
17	These things present enormous	
18	difficulties for us, particularly when your	
19	lab issues don't present us any due process	
20	opportunities. And when you present us with	
21	requirements that I see where a potential	
22	conflict can come in, if we disagree with	
23	somebody working for the lab that they are a	
24	proper person for us to do business with. I'm	
25	sorry. I'm sorry, Jerry. I usurped part of	

1	your time.
2	MR. DILLINGER: That's all right.
3	That's okay. In closing, I would like to say
4	that I think we have pretty much of an ideal
5	situation the way it is right now. I mean, I
6	don't know about the clear lines between Class
7	II and Class III or any of that. But
8	everything that we have Class II we believe to
9	be Class II through our litigation that we
10	have already done.
11	And we're very happy to regulate
12	our own gaming with oversight from NIGC like
13	is provided for in the IGRA. And our tribe
14	has passed a resolution recently to litigate
15	any of these proposed changes that we think
16	takes away from our sovereignty or our ability
17	to regulate our game. Thank you.
18	CHAIRMAN HOGEN: Thank you very
19	much for sharing your thoughts with us. We
20	will think very carefully about the challenges
21	that were mentioned. We will look at the
22	compacts, and we will try to avoid any
23	irreconcilable problems that would result if

NIGC CONSULTATION - SENECA-CAYUGA NATION

we adopted those without looking at what the

various compacts say in this connection.

24

1	MR. GREEN: We anticipate
2	submitting additional comments in writing. I
3	have one other point that I want to make sure
4	I emphasize.
5	The impression of what's being
6	accomplished by these consultations and these
7	regulations tend to be a matter of public
8	record. This press release that I received,
9	which it says, "The National Indian Gaming
10	Commission, NIGC, is continuing its efforts to
11	better distinguish the Indian Gaming
12	Regulatory Act standards for technological
13	aids which Indian tribes may utilize to play
14	bingo and similar Class II games without a
15	tribal state compact.
16	"From slot machines and electronic
17	games of facsimiles of chance which are Class
18	III devices, and require tribes to compact
19	with state governments to play."
20	The paragraph seems to indicate
21	that the whole purpose here is you are trying
22	to distinguish what is Class II and you are
23	trying to require us to reach agreements with
24	the states about everything that we play.
25	CHAIRMAN HOGEN: Well, that can
	NIGC CONSULTATION - SENECA-CAYUGA NATION

2	MR. GREEN: I'm not saying it's
3	your press release. I'm saying that's the
4	impression that's being given in Indian
5	country. And I'd like to have this made a
6	part of the record.
7	CHAIRMAN HOGEN: Duly noted.
8	Okay. Thank you very much for visiting with
9	us.
10	(Proceedings concluded.)
11	
12	
13	
14	
15	
16	
17	
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	
	NIGC CONSULTATION - SENECA-CAYUGA NATION
	23
1	CERTIFICATE

3	
4	STATE OF OKLAHOMA)) SS:
5	COUNTY OF OKLAHOMA)
6	I, Trena K. Bloye, Certified Shorthand
7	Reporter for the State of Oklahoma, certify that the
8	foregoing transcript of proceedings taken by me in
9	stenotype and thereafter transcribed is a true and
10	correct transcript of the proceedings; that they
11	were taken on August 9, 2006, at the Cox Convention
12	Center, Oklahoma City, State of Oklahoma; that I am
13	not an attorney for nor a relative of any said
14	parties, or otherwise interested in the event of
15	said action.
16	IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my
17	hand and seal of office on this the 11th day of
18	August, 2006.
19	
20	
21	Trena K. Bloye
22	Certified Shorthand Reporter for the State of Oklahoma
23	
24	
25	